Nightshade family, Solanaceae—eggplant, tomato, husk tomato, pepper, tobacco; and

Valerian family, Valerianaceae—cornsalad.

(a) General description.

(1) Germination habit: Epigeal dicot.

(2) Food reserves: Cotyledons; endosperm may or may not be present, depending on the kind.

- (3) Shoot system: The hypocotyl elongates, carrying the cotyledons above the soil surface. The epicotyl usually does not show any development within the test period.
- (4) Root system: A primary root; secondary roots may or may not develop within the test period, depending on the kind.
 - (b) Abnormal seedling description.

(1) Cotyledons:

- (i) Less than half of the original cotyledon tissue remaining attached.
- (ii) Less than half of the original cotyledon tissue free of necrosis or decay.
 (2) Epicotyl:
- (i) Missing. (May be assumed to be present if the cotyledons are intact.)
 - (ii) [Reserved]
 - (3) Hypocotyl:
- (i) Malformed, such as markedly shortened, curled, or thickened.
- (ii) Deep open cracks extending into the conducting tissue.
 - (iii) Watery.
 - (4) Root:
 - (i) None.
- (ii) Missing or stubby primary root with weak secondary or adventitious roots.
 - (5) Seedling:
- (i) One or more essential structures impaired as a result of decay from primary infection.
 - (ii) Albino.

[59 FR 64506, Dec. 14, 1994]

§201.57 Hard seeds.

Seeds which remain hard at the end of the prescribed test because they have not absorbed water, due to an impermeable seed coat, are to be counted as "hard seed." If at the end of the germination period provided for legumes, okra, cotton and dichondra in these rules and regulations there are still present swollen seeds or seeds of these kinds which have just started to germinate, all seeds or seedlings except

the above-stated shall be removed and the test continued for 5 additional days and the normal seedlings included in the percentage of germination. For flatpea, continue the swollen seed in test for 14 days when germinating at $15-25~^{\circ}\text{C}$ or for 10 days when germinating at $20~^{\circ}\text{C}$.

[5 FR 33, Jan. 4, 1940, as amended at 10 FR 9952, Aug. 11, 1945; 20 FR 7936, Oct. 21, 1955; 65 FR 1708, Jan. 11, 2000]

§201.57a Dormant seeds.

Dormant seeds are viable seeds, other than hard seeds, which fail to germinate when provided the specified germination conditions for the kind of seed in question.

(a) Viability of ungerminated seeds shall be determined by any of the following methods or combinations of methods: a cutting test, tetrazolium test, scarification, or application of germination promoting chemicals.

(b) The percentage of dormant seed, if present, shall be determined in addition to the percentage of germination for the following kinds: Bahiagrass, basin wildrye, big bluestem, little bluestem, sand bluestem, yellow bottlebrush-squirreltail, bluestem, buffalograss, buffelgrass, galletagrass, forage kochia, blue grama, side-oats grama, Indian ricegrass, johnsongrass, sand lovegrass, weeping lovegrass, mountain rye, sand dropseed, smilo, veldtgrass, switchgrass. western wheatgrass, and yellow indiangrass.

(c) For green needlegrass, if the test result of method 2 is less than the result of method 1, subtract the result of method 2 from method 1 and report the difference as the percentage of dormant seed. Refer to §201.58(b)(7).

[46 FR 53638, Oct. 29, 1981, as amended at 59 FR 64506, Dec. 14. 1994]

§201.58 Substrata, temperature, duration of test, and certain other specific directions for testing for germination and hard seed.

Specific germination requirements are set forth in table 2 to which the following paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) are applicable.

(a) Definitions and explainations applicable to table 2—(1) Duration of tests. The following deviations are permitted from the specified duration of tests:

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Any test may be terminated prior to the number of days listed under "Final count" if the miximum germination of the sample has then been determined. The number of days stated for the first count is approximate and a deviatioon of 1 to 3 days is permitted. If at the time of the prescribed test period the seedlings are not sufficiently developed for positive evaluation, it is possible to extend the time of the test period two additional days. (Also, see paragraph (a)(5) of this section and 201.57.)

- (2) Light. Cool white fluorescent light shall be provided where light is required in table 2. The light intensity shall be 75 to 125 foot-candles (750-1,250 lux). (The light intensity for nondormant seed and during seedling development may be as low as 25 foot-candles to enable the essential structures to be evaluated with greater certainty.) The seeds shall be illuminated for at least 8 hours every 24 hours except when transferred to a low temperature germinator during the weekend. When seeds are germinated at alternating temperatures they shall be illuminated during high temperature periods. Seeds for which light is prescribed shall be germinated on top of the substratum except for ryegrass fluorescence tests.
- (3) Moisture-on-dry-side. This term means that the moistened substratum should be pressed against a dry absorbent surface such as a dry paper towel or blotter to remove excess moisture. The moisture content thus obtained should be maintained throughout the germination test period.
- (4) Potassium nitrate (KNO₃). These terms mean a two-tenths (0.2) percent solution of potassium nitrate (KNO₃) shall be used in moistening the substratum. Such solution is prepared by dissolving 2 grams of KNO₃ in 1,000 ml. of distilled water. The grade of the potassium nitrate shall meet A.C.S. specifications.
- (5) Prechill. The term "prechill" means a cold, moist treatment applied to seeds to overcome dormancy prior to the germination test. The prechill method varies among kinds, but is usually performed by holding imbibed seeds at a low temperature for a specified period of time. The prechill period is not included in the duration of tests

given in table 2, unless otherwise specified.

- (6) Predry. The term "predry" means to place the seed in a shallow layer at a temperature of 35 $^{\circ}$ to 40 $^{\circ}$ C. for a period of 5 to 7 days, with provisions for circulation of the air.
- (7) Substrata (Kinds). The symbols used for substrata are:

B= between blotters

TB= top of blotters

- T= paper toweling, used either as folded towel tests or as roll towel tests in horizontal or vertical position
- S= sand or soil where soil is an artificial planting mix of shredded peat moss, vermiculite, and perlite

TS= top of sand or soil

- P= covered Petri dishes: with two layers of blotters; with one layer of absorbent cotton; with five layers of paper toweling; with three thicknesses of filter paper; or with sand or soil
- C= creped cellulose paper wadding (0.3-inch thick Kimpak or equivalent) covered with a single thickness of blotter through which holes are punched for the seed that are pressed for about one-half their thickness into the paper wadding

TC= on top of creped cellulose paper without a blotter

- RB= blotters with raised covers, prepared by folding up the edges of the blotter to form a good support for the upper fold which serves as a cover, preventing the top from making direct contact with the seeds.
- (8) Temperature. A single numeral indicates a constant temperature. Two numerals separated by a dash indicate an alternation of temperature, the test to be held at the first temperature for approximately 16 hours and at the second temperature for approximately 8 hours per day. The temperature shall be determined at the substratum level and shall be as uniform as possible throughout the germination chamber. (A sharp alternation of temperature, such as obtained by hand transfer, may be beneficial in breaking dormancy.) If tests are not subjected to alternating temperatures over weekends and on holidays, they are to be held at the first-mentioned temperature during this time. In cases where two temperatures are indicated (separated by a semicolon) the first temperature shall be regarded as the regular method and the second as an alternate method.
- (9) Paper substrata must be free of chemicals toxic to germinating seed

and seedling growth. If root injury occurs from toxicity of a paper substratum or from the use of potassium nitrate, retests shall be made on soil or on a substratum moistened with water.

- (10) Ethephon. This term means a 29 parts per million (0.0029 percent) solution of ethephon [(2-chloroethyl) phosphonic acid] which shall be used to moisten the substratum. This solution is prepared by mixing 0.6 ml of a stock solution with 5,000 ml of distilled water. The stock solution contains 24 grams of active material per 100 ml of propylene glycol or two pounds of active material per gallon. A solution which is five times this concentration (5×29 ppm) may be used for extremely dormant seeds, provided seeds are transferred to substratum moistened with water after 1 to 3 days.
- (11) Ethylene. This term means that five (5) ml of ethylene gas per cubic foot (176.57 ml/m³) of germinator space is injected into a germinator in which peanut seeds in moist rolled towels have been placed. Following injection of the ethylene, the germinator is kept closed until the first count (5 days). If the germinator door is opened for the purpose of checking or rewetting the samples, another injection of ethylene at the same rate shall be made.
- (b) Special procedures and alternate methods for germination referred to in table 2—(1) Alyceclover; swollen seeds. At the conclusion of the 21-day test period, carefully pierce the seed coat with a sharp instrument and continue the test for 5 additional days. Alternate method: The swollen seeds may be placed at 20 °C for 48 hours and then at 35 °C for 3 additional days.
- (2) Bahiagrass; removal of glumes. On all varieties except "Pensacola," remove the enclosing structures (glumes, lemma, and palea) from the caryopsis with the aid of a sharp scalpel. If the seed is fresh or dormant, lightly scratch the surface of the caryopsis.
- (3) Beet, Swiss chard; preparation of seed for test. Before the seeds are placed on the germination substratum, they shall be soaked in water for 2 hours, using at least 250 ml of water per 100 seeds, then washed in running water and the excess water blotted off. The temperature of the soaking and washing water should be no lower than 20 °C.

- Samples producing excessive discoloration of the hypocotyl or root should be retested in soil or by washing in running water for 3 hours and testing on "Kimpak," keeping the seed covered with slightly moist blotters. Sugar beets may require 16 hours soaking in water at 25 °C, followed by rinsing and then drying for 2 hours at room temperature.
- (4) Buffelgrass; alternate method for dormant seed. The caryopses shall be removed from the fascicles and placed on blotters moistened with a 0.2 percent solution of KNO₃, in petri dishes. The seeds from a fascicle should be arranged so they will not be confused with seeds from other fascicles during the test. The seeds are then prechilled at 5°C for 7 days and tested at 30°C in light for 21 additional days. Firm ungerminated seeds remaining at the conclusion of the test should be scratched lightly and left in test for 7 additional days.
- (5) Cotton (Gossypium spp.); dormant samples. Samples of cottonseed which do not respond to the usual method should be placed in a closed container with water and shaken until the lint is thoroughly wet. The excess moisture should then be blotted off.
- (6) Endive (Cichorium endivia); dormant samples. Add about 1/8 inch of tap water at the beginning of the test and remove excess water after 24 hours.
- (7) Green needlegrass; two test methods as prescribed in table 2 shall be used on each sample:
- (i) For method 1, acid scarify 400 seeds for 10 minutes in concentrated sulfuric acid (95 to 98 percent H_2 SO₄). Rinse seeds and dry on blotters for 16 hours, then place seeds on blotters moistened with a solution of 0.055 percent (500 ppm gibberellic acid GA₃) and 0.46 percent (3,000 ppm) thiram and germinate 14 days.
- (ii) For method 2, plant 400 seeds on blotters moistened with a 0.2 percent solution of KNO_3 and germinate 14 days. Refer to $\S 201.57a(c)$.
- (iii) Report the results of method 2 as the percentage germination. If the number in method 2 is less than method 1, subtract the results of method 2 from method 1 and report the difference as dormant seed.

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(8) Rescue grass (Bromus catharticus); dormant samples. Wash for 48 hours in running water, or soak for 48 hours, changing the water and rinsing each morning and night.

(9) Rice (Oryza sativa)—Alternate method. Plant the seeds in moist sand. On the seventh day of the test add water to a depth of one-fourth inch above the sand level and leave for the remainder of the test. Only a final count is made. Dormant seeds: Presoak 24 to 48 hours in 40 °C. water. For deeply dormant seeds, presoak 24 hours in 1,000 p.p.m. ethylene chlorohydrin or 5 percent solution of sodium hypochlorite (clorox at bottle strength).

(10) Ryegrass; fluorescence test. The germination test for fluorescence of ryegrass shall be conducted in light [not to exceed 100 foot candles (1,076 lux)] with white filter paper as the substratum. The white filter paper should be nontoxic to the roots of ryegrass and of a texture that will resist penetration of ryegrass roots. Distilled or deionized water shall be used to moisten the filter paper. The test shall be conducted in a manner that will prevent the contact of roots of different seedlings. Roots of some seedlings produce fluorescent lines on white filter paper when viewed under ultraviolet light. First counts shall not be made before the eighth day; at that time remove only normal fluorescent seedlings. Evaluation of fluorescence shall be made under F15T8-BLB or comparable ultraviolet tubes in an area where light from other sources is excluded. If there are over 75 percent normal fluorescent seedlings present at the time of the first count, break the contact of the roots of the nonfluorescent seedlings from the substratum and reread the fluorescence at the time of the final count. At the final count, lift each remaining seedling, observing the path of each root since sometimes faint fluorescence will show on the substratum as the root is lifted. Abnormal seedlings and dead seeds are not evaluated for fluorescence. See §201.58a(a).

(11) Trifolium, Medicago, Melilotus, and Vicia faba; temperature requirements. A

temperature of 18 °C. is desirable for *Trifolium* spp., *Medicago* spp., *Melilotus* spp., and *Vicia faba*.

- (12) Garden bean; use of calcium nitrate. If hypocotyl collar rot is observed on seedlings, the sample involved shall be retested using a 0.3 to 0.6 percent solution of calcium nitrate (CaNO₃) to moisten the substratum.
- (13) Fourwing Saltbush (Atriplex canscens); preparation of seed for test. DE-wing seeds and soak for 2 hours in 3 leters of water after which rince with approximately 3 leters of distilled water. Remove excess water, air dry for 7 days at room temperature, then test for germination as indicated in Table 2.
 - (c) Procedures for coated seed:
- (1) Germination tests on coated seed shall be conducted in accordance with methods in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section. However, kinds for which soaking or washing is specified in paragraph (b) shall not be soaked or washed in the case of coated seed.
- (i) Coated seed units shall be placed on the substratum in the condition in which they are received without rinsing, soaking, or any other pretreatment.
- (ii) Coated seed units in mixtures which are color coded or can otherwise be separated by kinds shall be germinated as separate kinds without removing the coating material.
- (iii) Coated seed units in mixtures which cannot be separated by kinds without removing the coating material shall be de-coated and germinated as separate kinds. The coating material shall be removed in a manner that will not affect the germination capacity of the seeds.
- (2) The moisture level of the substratum is important. It may depend on the water-absorbing capacity of the coating material. A retest may be necessary before satisfactory germination of the sample is achieved.
- (3) Phytotoxic symptoms may be evident when germinating coated seeds in paper substrata. In such cases a retest in sand or soil may be necessary.

TABLE 2—GERMINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDICATED KINDS

Name of seed	Substrata	Temperature (°C)	First count	Final count		Additional directions
Name or seed	Substrata	remperature (C)	days	days	Specific requirements	Fresh and dormant seed
				AGRICUL [*]	TURAL SEED	
Agrotricum	B, T, S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Alfalfa	B, T, S	20	4	17	See ¶ (b)(11).	
Alfilaria	B, T	20–30	3	14	Clip seeds.	
Alyceclover	B, T	35	4	¹ 21	See ¶(b)(1) for swollen seeds.	
Bahiagrass:		00.05	_		1:14	0 0004 57
Var. Pensacola	P, S	20–35	7	28	Light; see ¶ (b)(2)	See § 201.57a
All other vars	P	30–35	3	21	Light; remove glumes; see	Scratch caryopses; KNO ₃ ; see §201.57a
Porloy	B, T, S	20: 15	4	7	¶ (b)(2).	Prechill 5 days at 5 or 10 °C or predry
Barley Barrelclover	B, 1, 3	20, 15	4	114	Remove seeds from bur; see	Flechiii 5 days at 5 or 10 °C or predry
Darreiciover	D, 1	20	4	14	¶ (b)(11).	
Bean:					(B)(11).	
Adzuki	в. т. ѕ	20–30	4	110		
	в. т. s. тс	20–30: 25	5	18		
Mung	B. T. S	20–30	3	17		
	B, T, S	20–30	3	14	See ¶ (b)(3).	
Beet, sugar	B, T, S	20–30; 20	3	10	See ¶ (b)(3).	
Beggarweed, Florida	В, Т	30	5	¹ 28	,	
Bentgrass:						
Colonial	P	15–30; 10–30; 15–25	7	28	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Creeping	P	15–30; 10–30; 15–25	7	28	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Velvet	P	15–25; 20–30	7	21	Light; KNO ₃ .	·
Bermudagrass	P	20–35	7	21	Light; KNO ₃ ; see ¶ (a)(9).	
Bermudagrass, giant	Р	20–35	7	21	Light; KNO ₃ ; see ¶ (a)(9)	Prechill at 10 °C for 7 days and then test at 20–35 °C; continue tests of hulled seed for 14 days and of unhulled seef for 21 days
Bluegrass:						10. 2. 2.0,0
Ännual	Р	20–30	7	21	Light.	
Bulbous	P, S	10	10	35	KNO ₃ or soil	Prechill all samples at 5 °C for 7 days.
Canada	Р	15–25; 15–30	10	28	Light; KNO ₃	10–30 °C.
Glaucantha	P	15–25; 15–30	10	28	Light; KNO ₃ .	
Kentucky	P	15–25; 15–30	10	28	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days.
Nevada	P	20–30	7	21	Light; KNO₃.	
Rough	P	20–30	7	21	Light.	
Texas	P	20–30	7	28	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks.
Wood	P	20–30	7	28	Light.	
Bluejoint	TB, P	15–25	10	21	Light and KNO ₃ optional	Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days
Bluestem:			_	١		D 131 15 20 1 20 1 5 20 1 5 7
Big	P, TS P. TS	20–30	7	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a.
Little	P, 1S P. TS	20–30	7	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a.
Sand		20–30	7	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a.
	P, 1S P, B	20–30	5 10	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a.

Name of sead	0	T(00)	First	Final	Additional directions		
Name of seed	Substrata	Temperature (°C)	count days	count days	Specific requirements	Fresh and dormant seed	
Brome:							
Field	P, TB	15–25; 20–30	6	14	Light	Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days.	
Meadow	B, T, TB	20–30	6	14	Light optional.		
Mountain	P	20–30	6	14	Light		
Smooth	P, B, TB	20–30	6	14	Light optional	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, then test at 30 °C for 9 ac ditional days.	
Broomcorn	B, T, S	20–30	3	10			
Buckwheat Buffalograss:	В, Т	20–30	3	6			
(Burs)	P,TB,TS	20–35	7	14	Light;KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; See § 201.57a.	
(Caryopses)	P	20–35	5	14	Light;KNO ₃ .		
Buffelgrass	S	30	7	28	Light; press fascicles into well- packed soil and prechill at 5 °C for 7 days.	See ¶(b)(4); see §201.57a.	
Burclover, California	В, Т	20	4	114	Remove seeds from bur; see		
5					¶ (b)(11).		
Burclover, spotted	В, Т	20	4	114	Remove seeds from bur; see ¶ (b)(11).		
Burnet, littler	В, Т	15	5	14	, ,		
Buttonclover	B, T	20	4	110	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Canarygrass	B, T	20–30	3	7			
Canarygrass, reed	P	20–30	5	21	Light; KNO ₃ .		
Carpetgrass	P	20–35	10	21	Light	KNO ₃ .	
Castorbean	T, S	20–30	7	14	Remove caruncle if mold inter- feres with test.		
Chess, soft	P	20–30	7	14	Light	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.	
Chickpea	T,S	20–30	3	117		,	
Clover:							
Alsike	B, T, S	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Arrowleaf	B, T	20; 15	4	114	See ¶ (b)(11).		
Berseem	B, T, S	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Cluster	B, T	20	4	110	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Crimson	B, T, S	20	4	17	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Kenya	B, T, S	20	3	17			
Ladino	B, T, S	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Lappa	B, T	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Large hop	B, T	20	4	¹ 14	See ¶ (b)(11)		
Persian	B, T	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)		
Red	B, T, S	20	4	17	See ¶ (b)(11)		
Rose	B, T	20	4	¹ 10	See ¶ (b)(11)	15 °C.	
Small hop	B, T	20	4	114	See ¶ (b)(11)		
Strawberry	B, T	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)		
Sub	B, T	20	4	¹ 14	See ¶ (b)(11)		
White	l B, T, S	20	3	17	See ¶ (b)(11)	l 15 °C.	

TABLE 2—GERMINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDICATED KINDS—Continued

Corn:		l l	- 1		l	
	B, T, S, TC	20–30; 25	4	7		
	B, T, S, TC	20–30; 25	4	7		
	B. T. S	20–30; 30	4	112		Test by alternate method; see ¶ (b)(5).
	B. T. S	20–30	5	18		1001 by alternate method, 000 (b)(0).
	T,B	20:25	4	7		KNO ₃
	P	20–30	10	21	Light	Prechill at 5 ° or 10 °C for 3 days.
Crotalaria:	•	20 00				- 1 1001 at 0 01.10 0 101 0 aayo.
	B. T. S	20–30	4	110		
	B. T. S	20–30	4	¹ 10		
	B. T. S	20–30	4	110		
	B. T. S	20–30	4	¹ 10		
	B, T, S	20–30	4	110		
	B.T.TB.S	20	7	114		
	P	20–35	7	21	Light; KNO ₃ .	
	В. Т	20–30	7	128	Light, 10103.	
	P	5–35: 15–35	5	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 4 weeks; see § 201.57a.
	B, T, S	20: 15	4	7	Light, 10103	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days or predry.
Fescue:	D, 1, 0	20, 13	7	,		l recrim at 3 or 10 'O for 3 days or predry.
	Р	15–25	7	21	Light and KNO ₃ optional	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
	P	10–25	10	28	KNO ₃ .	l lecinii at 3 or 10 'O lor 3 days.
	P	15–25	7	21	Light and KNO ₃ optional.	
	P	15–25: 20–30	5	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional.	
	P	15–25, 20–30	7	21	Light and KNO ₃ optional.	
	P	15–25	7	21	Light and KNO ₃ optional.	
	P	15–25; 20–30	5	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days and test for 21 days.
	T	15–25;20	14	128	Light and KNO3 optional	Frechill at 3 of 10 C for 3 days and lest for 21 days.
	B, T, S	20–30	3	7		
	P, 1, 3	15–30	7	21	Light;KNO ₃ .	
	P	20–30	7	14	Light.	
	г Р. В	20; 25; 20–30	4	10	Light.	See § 201.57a
Grama:	г, Б	20, 23, 20–30	7	10		See 9201.37a
	P. TB	20–30	7	14	Light	KNO ₃ ; see § 201.57a.
	Р, 1Б Р	15–30	7	14	Light; KNO ₃	See § 201.57a.
	B. T. S	30: 20–30	5	114	Light, KNO3	See §201.37a.
	Б, 1, S Р	15–35	10	28	Light; KNO ₃ optional.	
	r P	10–30	7	28	Light	KNO ₃ ,
	P	15–25	7	14		NVO3.
Alternate metriod	г	15–25	′	14	hrs.	
Hemp	B. T	20–30	3	7	1115.	
	P, TS	20–30	7	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a.
	P, 13 B. T	20–30	5	¹ 14	Light, KNO ₃	Frechili at 5 Chor 2 weeks, see § 201.57a.
	P, I	35–20	10	28	Light; KNO ₃ .	
	P	20–35	7	35	Light	KNO ₃ ; see § 201.57a.
g	г Т. В	20–30	4	18	Light	NNO3, See § 201.57a.
	т, Б Р	20	4	14		See § 201.57a.
	B. T	20–30	5	114		See §201.57a.
	В, Т	20	5	1 10		
Lentii Lespedeza:	D, I	ZU	5	. 10		
Korean	втс	20–35	5	114		
Noteall	D, 1, 3	1 20-00	3 1	. 14	ı	ı

TABLE 2—GERMINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDICATED KINDS—Continued

Name of seed	Substrata	Temperature (°C)	First count	Final count	Additional directions		
Ivallie of Seed	Substiata	remperature (C)	days	days	Specific requirements	Fresh and dormant seed	
Sericea	B, T, S B, T, S B, T, S P P	20–35	7 7 7 5 5	121 121 114 14 14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 6 weeks; see §201.57a. KNO ₃ ; see §201.57a.	
Lupine: Blue	B, T B, T P B, T, S B, T	20	4 3 7 10 4 6	110 110 110 28 17 114	Light; KNO ₃ . See ¶ (b)(11).		
Millet: Browntop Alternate method Foxtail Japanese Pearl Proso Molassesgrass	B, P, T B, T B, T B, T	20–30; 30	4 4 4 4 3 3 7	14 14 10 10 7 7 7 21	Light and KNO ₃ optional Light; KNO ₃ .	Predry at 35 or 40 °C for 7 days and test at 30 °C.	
Mustard: Black India White Napiergrass Needlegrass, green:	P	20–30	3 3 3 3	7 7 5 10	LightLight.	KNO ₃ and prechill at 10 °C for 3 days. Prechill at 10 °C for 7 days and test for 5 days; KNO ₃ .	
Method 1 Method 2 Oat	P P B, T, S	15–30 15–30 20; 15	7 7 5	14 14 10	days and test for 7 days or		
Oatgrass, tall Orchardgrass	P P, TS	20–30 15–25	6 7	14 21	predry and test for 10 days Light. Light; germination more rapid on soil.	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.	
Panicgrass, blue Panicgrass, green Pea, field Peanut	P B, T, S	20–30	7 10 3 5	28 28 18 110	Light. Light; KNO ₃ optional. Remove shells	Ethephon or ethylene; see ¶ (a) (10) and (11).	
AnnualBird	P [']	20–30 20–30 20–30	3 3 3	7 10 7	Light	KNO ₃ .	

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Winter							
Rescuepras	Winter	В. Т	20–30	3	7		
Rescueyrass				5		Light	KNO ₂ .
Process					28	Light: see ¶ (b)(8) for alternate	- 3
Rhodesyrass P	rtooodogrado	' , "	10 00	.			11 001 dt 10 01
Ricegrass, Indian	Rhodesgrass	P	20-30	6	14		
Ricegrass, Indian							Presnak: see ¶ (h)(9)
Ricegrass, Indian	1100	', 0	20 00, 00	١			1 1000ak, 500 (b)(0).
Alternate method S	Ricegrass Indian	ь	15	7	12		Prechill at 5 °C for 4 weeks and test for 21 additional days:
Alternate method S Roughpea B, T Z0 7 7 14	rticegrass, iridiari	'	13	′	72		
Roughpea	Altornato mothod	e	5 15: 15: 15 25	7	20		
Rye							Dark, precimi in son at 5 °C for 4 weeks, see §201.57a.
Rye mountain Ryegrass: Properties Pr							B
Ryegrass: Annual							
Annual P, TB 15–25 5 14 Light optional; see ¶ (b)(10) for fluorescence test. KNO₂ and prechil at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days and test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and continue test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and test at 15–25 °C; if still dormant rechil for 3 days and tes		В, І	20; 15	4	/		See § 201.57a.
Intermediate							
Intermediate	Annual	P, IB	15–25	5	14		
Intermediate						fluorescence test.	
Perennial P, TB 15–25							
Perennial	Intermediate	P, TB	15–25	7	14	Light	
P, TB							°C; if still dormant rechill for 3 days and continue test at
Wimmera							15-25 °C an additional 4 days.
Wimmera	Perennial	P. TB	15–25	5	14	Light optional: see ¶ (b)(10) for	Light: KNO ₃ : prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days and test at 15-
Wimmera		<i>'</i>		- 1			
Safflower							
Safflower	Wimmera	P TR	15_25: 20_30	5	1/	Light optional	
Safflower	willinera	',''	13-23, 20-30	٦		Light optional	
Safflower P, B, T, S 15; 20 4 14 Light at 15 °C. Light. See ¶ (b)(13) Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days. Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days. Alternate method B 20 5 14 21 See ¶ (b)(13) Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days. Sessania B, T, TB 20-30 3 6 5 17 Smilo P 20-30 7 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Sorghum B, T, S 20-30 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days. Sorgrass² B, T, S 20-30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days. Sourdlover B, T, S 20-30; 25 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sudangrass							
Sagewort, Louisiana P 15-25 7 14 Light	Cofflower	DDTC	45. 20		4.4	Light at 45 °C	15-25 C an additional 4 days.
Sainfoin B, T Saltbush, fourwing B B 20 4 114 Saltbush, fourwing B B 20 5 14 See ¶(b)(13) Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days. Sesame Bestania B, T, TB Smilo B, T, S 20–30 5 17 Light Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Sorghum B, T, S Sorghum almum B, T, S 20–30 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Sorghum-sudangrass Sorgrass² B, T, S 20–35; 15–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Sourclover B, T, S Sourclover Spelan B, T, S 20–30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sourlover B, T, S Spelt B, T, S 20–30; 25 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sourlover B, T, S 20–30; 25 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days. Sudangrass B, T, S 20–30; 25 5 18 See ¶(b)(11). Sudangrass B, T, S 20–30; 15–30 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry. Sudangrass B, T, S 20–30; 15–30 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20–30; 15–30 4 17 See ¶(b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20–30 6 14 Light.		P, D, 1, 3		7			
Saltbush, fourwing Alternate method B B 15 20 30 3 6 6 Sesbania B, T, TB 20-30 5 17 Smilo P C for 5 days; 15 20 30 7 42 Light Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days. Sorghum B, T, S 20-30 7 42 Light Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days. Sorghum almum T, S 20-35; 15-35 5 21 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorgrass 2 B, T, S 15-35; 20-35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days. Sorgrass 2 B, T, S 20-30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorgrass 3 B, T, S 20-30; 25 5 18 See ¶(b)(11). Soybean B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorgrass 4 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days.		P -				Light.	
Alternate method B B, T, TB 20-30 3 6 Sesbania B, T, TB 20-30 5 177 Smilo P 20-30 5 5 177 Smilo B, T, S 20-30 5 177 Smilo B, T, S 20-30 5 10 °C for 5 days; test sweet vars. At 30-45 °C, maintaining 45 °C for 2-4 hours per day. Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sourclover B, T, S 20-30; 15-35 5 21 See ¶(b)(11). Spelt B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 7, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 7, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 7, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 7, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 7, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 7, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 See ¶(b)(11). See ¶(b)						0 50000	D 171 4500 4 7 1
Sesame B, T, TB 20-30 3 6 Sesbania B, T 20-30 5 17 Smilo P 20-30 7 42 Sorghum B, T, S 20-30 4 10 Sorghum almum T, S 20-35; 15-35 5 21 Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 25 4 10 Sorgrass² B, T, S 15-35; 20-35 5 21 Soybean B, T, S, TC 20-30; 25 4 10 Soplet B, T, S 20; 15 4 7 Sunflower B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T, B 20 4 7 Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 7 Sweet vernalgrass P 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 17 See ¶ (b)(11).				- 1		See ¶ (b)(13)	Prechill at 5 °C for 7 days.
Sesbania B, T 20–30 5 17 Light Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Sorghum B, T, S 20–30 4 10 Prechill grain vars. at 5 ° or 10 °C for 5 days; test sweet vars. at 30–45 °C, maintaining 45 °C for 2–4 hours per day. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20–35; 15–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorgrass² B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorgrass² B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sourclover B, T 20 3 114 See ¶(b)(11). Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days. Spelt B, T, S 20-30; 25 5 18 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry. Sunflower T,B 20 4 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶(b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
Smilo P 20–30 7 42 bight Light Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; test sweet vars. at 30–45 °C, maintaining 45 °C for 2–4 hours per day. Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20–30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a. Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorgrass² B, T, S 20–30; 25 5 21 See ¶(b)(11). Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sovebean B, T, S 20 3 114 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 °C							
Sorghum B, T, S 20–30 4 10 Prechill grain vars. at 5 ° or 10 °C for 5 days; test sweet vars. at 30–45 °C, maintaining 45 °C for 2–4 hours per day. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20–30; 15–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sourclover B, T 20 3 114 See ¶(b)(11). See ¶(b)(11). Spelt B, T, S 20–30; 25 5 18 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sunflower T,B 20 4 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. White B, T, S 20 4 7 Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days. Weet vernalgrass P 20–30 4 17 See ¶(b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20–30							
Sorghum almum T, S						Light	
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Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20–30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorgrass² B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days. Sourclover B, T 20 3 114 See ¶(b)(11). Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Spelt B, T, S 20; 15 4 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry. Sunflower B, T, S 20–30; 15–30 4 10 Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days. Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 7 White B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶(b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20–30 6 14 1 (b)(11).							
Sorghum-sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 25 4 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sorgrass ² B, T, S 15-35; 20-35 5 21 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days. Sovplean B, T, S, TC 20-30; 25 5 18 Spelt B, T, S 20; 15 4 7 Sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T,B 20 4 7 Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 7 White B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 1 (b)(11).	Sorghum almum	T, S	20–35; 15–35	5	21		Prechill at 5 °C for 5 days; on the 10th day of test, clip or
Sorgrass² B, T, S 15–35; 20–35 5 21 See ¶(b)(11). Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days. Soybean B, T, S, TC 20–30; 25 5 18 18 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days. Spelt B, T, S 20–30; 25 4 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry. Sunflower B, T, S 20–30; 15–30 4 10 Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days. Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 7 See ¶(b)(11). Yellow B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶(b)(11). See ¶(b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20–30 6 14 Light.							pierce the distal end of ungerminated seeds.
Sourclover B, T soybean 20 - 30; 25 - 5	Sorghum-sudangrass	B, T, S	20–30; 25	4	10		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Sourclover B, T soybean 20 - 30; 25 - 5		B. T. S	15–35: 20–35		21		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Soybean B, T, S, TC 20-30; 25 5 18 Spelt B, T, S 20; 15 4 7 Sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T,B 20 4 7 Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 17 Yellow B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 Light					114		
Spelt B, T, S 20; 15 4 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry. Sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days. Sunetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 7 See ¶ (b)(11). Yellow B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). See ¶ (b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 Light.							
Sudangrass B, T, S 20-30; 15-30 4 10 Sunflower T,B 20 4 7 Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 17 Yellow B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶(b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 Light.							Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry
Sunflower T,B 20 4 7 Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Yellow B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 Light.		' ' -					
Sweetclover: White B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Yellow B, T, S 20 4 17 See ¶ (b)(11). Sweet vernalgrass P 20-30 6 14 Light.							Fredilli at 10 Cloi 3 days.
White		I,D	40	4	,		
Yellow		D T C	20		17	Con # (b)(44)	
Sweet vernalgrass P 20–30					-		
Sweetvetch, northern B, TB, T 15–25; 20 14 128						Light.	
	Sweetvetch, northern	⊢B, TB, T	15–25; 20	14	128	I	I

TABLE 2—GERMINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDICATED KINDS—Continued

Name of seed	Substrata	Temperature (°C)	First count	Final count	Additional directions	
Iname or seed	Substrata	remperature (C)	days	days	Specific requirements	Fresh and dormant seed
Switchgrass	P, TS	15–30	7	14	Light; KNO ₃	Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks; see § 201.57a.
Timothy	P, TB	15–25; 20–30	5	10	Light; see ¶ (a)(9)	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Timothy, turf	P, TB	15–25; 20–30	5	10	Light	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Tobacco	P, TB	20–30	7	14	Light.	
Trefoil:						
	B, T	20	5	112		
Birdsfoot	B, P, T	20	5	112		
Triticale	B, T, S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
Vaseygrass	P	20–35	7	21	Light	KNO ₃ .
Veldtgrass	Р	10–30	7	28	Light	See § 201.57a.
Velvetbean	B, T, S, C	20–30	3	114		_
Velvetgrass	Р	20–30	6	14	Light.	
Vetch:						
Common	B, T	20	5	110		
Hairy	B, T	20	5	114		
Hungarian	B. T	20	5	1 10		
Monantha	B. T	20	5	110		
	B. T	20	5	114		
	B, T	20	5	110		
Woollypod	B, T	20	5	114		Prechill at 10 °C for 5 days, test at 15 °C.
Wheat:	-, .		_			
	B. T. S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
	B. T. S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
	B. T. S	20; 15	4	10		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
	B. T. S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
	B. T. S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
	B, T, S	20; 15	4	7		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days, or predry.
Wheatgrass:	D, 1, 0	20, 13	7	· '		Trecini at 5 or 10 0 for 5 days, or predry.
Beardless	P, TB	15–25	7	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Fairway crested	P. TB	15–25: 20–30	5	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Standard crested	P, TB	15–25; 20–30	5	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Intermediate	P	15–25	5	28	Light and KNO ₃ optional	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Alternate method	P	20–30	5	28	Light.	1 11103 and precimi at 5 or 10 'O for 7 days.
Pubescent	P	15–25	5	28	Light and KNO ₃ optional	KNO₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Alternate method	P	20–30	5	28	Light.	NNO3 and precimi at 3 or 10 °C for 7 days.
Siberian	P. TB	15–25	7	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	KNO ₃ and prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 7 days.
	P. TB	15–25: 10–30	5			Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days; if still dormant on the 10th
Slender	r, ID	15-25; 10-30	5	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	day, rechill 2 days, then place at 20–30 °C for 4 days.
Streambank	P. TB	15–25	5	14	Light and KNO ₃ optional	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Tall	P, 1B	15–25	5	21	Light and KNO ₃ optional	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Alternate method	P	20–30	5	21	Light	Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
	P B, P, T		7	21		
Western	D, P, I	15–30	/	28	Dark	KNO ₃ or soil; see § 201.57a.
Wildrye:						

Russian		l n	145.00		٠	Leen	I D. 1711 15 20 (D. 1
Artichoke B, T 20-30 77 21 Asparagus			15–30	7			Prechill at 5 °C for 2 weeks.
Asparagus B, T, S 20-30 7 21 8	Russian	l P	20–30	1 5			Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 5 days.
Asparagus					VEGETA	ABLE SEED	
Asparagusbean B, T, S C 20-30 5 18 Bean:	Artichoke	B, T	20–30	7	21		
Bean: Garden B, T, S, TC Lima B, T, C, S 20-30, 25 See S	Asparagus	B, T, S	20–30	7	21		
Bean: Garden B, T, S, TC Lima B, T, C, S 20-30, 25 See S	Asparagusbean	B. T. S	20–30	5	18		
Sarden B. T. S. TC 20-30, 25 None 18 None 18 R. T. C. S 20-30 55 19 Seet (b) (12).		, , -					
Lima B. T., C. S 20-30 55 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		B T S TC	20-30: 25	None	18		See ¶(h)(12)
Runner							OGC (B)(12).
Beet							
Broadbaan S, C Broccoli B, P, T Brussels sprouts S, C B, P, T Brussels sprouts 20-30 3 10 Part Cabbage 3 10 Part Cabbage B, P, T B, P, T B, P, T B, P, T B, R, R, P, R,						Soc ¶ (b)(2)	
Broccoli							Breshill at 10 °C for 2 days
Brusdesk sprouts							
Burdock, great		1 ' '					Precrill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light.
Burdock, great	Brussels sprouts	В, Р, Т	20–30	3	10		
Cabbage Chinese B, P. T. 20-30 3 20-30 3 20-30 3 20-30 3 20-30 7 20-30 9 20-30 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Cardon B, T. 20-30 7 21 21 20-30 6 14 3 20-30 7 21 21 20-30 6 14 3 20-30 9 20-30						days; KNO₃ and light.	
Cabbage, Chinese B, T 20–30 3 7 Cabbage, tronchuda B, P 20–30 3 10 Cardon B, T 20–30 7 21 Cardot B, T 20–30 6 14 Cauliflower B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Celeriac P 5–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶ (a)(9). Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light Cherd, Swiss B, B, T, S 20–30 3 14 See ¶ (a)(9). Chives B, T 20–30 5 14 Light; see ¶ (a)(9). Chives B, T 20–30 7 14 Soak seeds 6 hrs Test at 30 °C. Collards B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Test at 10 °C. Test at 10 °C. Compace B, T, S 20–30 5 18 7 20 7 24 7 20 7 24 7 20 10 21 20 10 21							
Cabbage, tronchuda B, P 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Cardoon B, T 20–30 7 21 Cauliflower B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Celerion P 5–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶(a)(9). Celery P 5–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶(a)(9). Chard, Swiss B, T, S 20–30 3 14 See ¶(b)(3). Chicory P, TS 20–30 5 14 Light; kNO₃ or soil; see ¶(a)(9). Chicory P, TS 20–30 7 14 See ¶(b)(3). Light; kNO₃ or soil; see ¶(a)(9). Chicory P, TS 20–30 7 14 Soak seeds 6 hrs. Test at 30 °C. Collards B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light Cornsalad B, T, S 20–30 5 18 Test at 10 °C. Cress: Garden B, P, T 20–30 4	Cabbage	B, P, T	20–30	3	10		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO ₃ and light.
Cardoon B, T 20–30 7 21 Carrot B, T 20–30 6 14 Cauliflower B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Celeriac P 5–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶(a)(9). Celery P 15–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶(a)(9). Chard, Swiss B, T, S 20–30 3 14 Sce ¶(b)(3). Chives B, T 20 6 14 Citron B, T 20 6 14 Citron B, T, S, TC 20–30 7 14 Cornslad B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Corn, sweet B, T, S, TC 20–30 5 18 Cress: Garden B, T, S 20–30 4 7 Cucumber B, T, S 20–30 7 21 Light; KN03. Light; KN03. Dandelion P, TB 20–30 7 21 Light; KN03.	Cabbage, Chinese	B, T	20–30	3	7		
Cardoon B, T 20–30 7 21 Carrot B, T 20–30 6 14 Cauliflower B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Celeriac P 5–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶(a)(9). Celery P 15–25; 20 10 21 Light; see ¶(a)(9). Chard, Swiss B, T, S 20–30 3 14 Sce ¶(b)(3). Chives B, T 20 6 14 Citron B, T 20 6 14 Citron B, T, S, TC 20–30 7 14 Cornslad B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Corn, sweet B, T, S, TC 20–30 5 18 Cress: Garden B, T, S 20–30 4 7 Cucumber B, T, S 20–30 7 21 Light; KN03. Light; KN03. Dandelion P, TB 20–30 7 21 Light; KN03.	•						
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Celeriac							Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days: KNO- and light
Celery				_		l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Frechili at 3 of 10 C for 3 days, KNO3 and light
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Cowpea B, T, S 20–30 5 18 Cress: Garden B, P, T 15 4 10 Light; KNO₃. Light. Li	Corn, sweet	B, T, S, TC	20–30; 25		7		
Cress: Garden B, P, T 15 4 10 Light; KNO₃. Light.	Cornsalad	B, T	15	7	28	Test at 10 °C	
Garden B, P, T Upland 15 4 Upland 10 Upland Light; KNO₃. Light; See ¶ (a)(3). <	Cowpea	B, T, S	20–30	5	18		
Upland P, TB 20–35 4 7 Light; KNO₃. Water P 20–30 4 14 Light; KNO₃. Cucumber B, T, S 20–30 3 7 Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3). Dandelion P, TB 20–30 7 21 Light; see ¶ (a)(9). Dill B, T 20–30 7 14 Light; KNO₃. Light; KNO₃. Endive P, TS 20–30 7 14 Light; KNO₃. See ¶ (b)(6). Gherkin, West India B, T, T 20–30 3 7 Test at 30 °C. Kale B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 ° or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Kale, Chinese B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Kale, Siberian B, P, T 20–30 3 7 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Leek B, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light.	Cress:						
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Water P 20–30 4 14 Light. Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3). Dandelion P, TB 20–30 7 21 Light; see ¶ (a)(9). Light; see ¶ (a)(9). Light; kNO₃. Light; kNO₃. Eggplant P, TS 20–30 7 14 Light; kNO₃. Light; kNO₃. See ¶ (b)(6). S							g
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Eggplant P, TB, RB, T Endive 20-30 7 b 14 Light; KNO3. Light; KNO3. See ¶ (b)(6). Gherkin, West India B, T, S 20-30 3 7 Test at 30 °C. Test at 30 °C. Prechill at 5 ° or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light. Kale B, P, T 20-30 3 10 Prechill at 5 ° or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light. Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light. Kale, Siberian B, P, T 20-30 3 7 Kohlrabi Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light. Leek B, T 20-30 6 14 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light.						Light; see ¶ (a)(9).	
Endive P, TS 20–30 5 14 Light; KNO ₃ or soil See ¶ (b)(6). Gherkin, West India B, T, T 20–30 3 10 Kale, Chinese B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Kale, Siberian B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Kolrabi B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Kohrabi B, P, T 20–30 6 14		l '					
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Kale, Chinese B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Kale, Siberian B, P, T 20–30; 20 3 7 Kohlrabi B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Leek B, T 20 6 14 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light.					ı		
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Kohlrabi B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Leek B, T 20 6 14	Kale, Chinese	B, P, T					Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light.
Kohlrabi B, P, T 20–30 3 10 Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO₃ and light. Leek B, T 20 6 14	Kale, Siberian	B, P, T	20–30; 20	3	7		
Leek B, T 20 6 14	Kohlrabi	B, P, T	20–30	3	10		Prechill at 5 or 10 °C for 3 days; KNO3 and light.
		l '		_		Light	Prechill at 10 °C for 3 days or test at 15 °C
			-			5 · ··································	

TABLE 2—GERMINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDICATED KINDS—Continued

Name of seed	Substrata	Temperature (°C)	First	Final	Additional directions		
	Substrata	remperature (C)	count days	count days	Specific requirements	Fresh and dormant seed	
Melon	B, T, S	20–30	4	10	Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3).		
Mustard, India	Р	20–30	3	7	Light	Prechill at 10 °C for 7 days and test for 5 additional days; KNO ₃ .	
Mustard, spinach	В, Т	20–30	3	7			
Okra	В, Т	20–30	4	¹ 14			
Onion	B, T	20	6	10			
Alternate method	s	20	6	12			
Onion, Welsh	В, Т	20	6	10			
Pak-choi		20–30	3	7			
Parsley		20–30	11	28			
Parsnip		20–30	6	28			
Pea	B, T,S	20	5	18			
Pepper		20–30	6	14		Light and KNO ₃ .	
Pumpkin		20–30	4	7	Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3).		
Radish	В. Т	20	4	6	,		
Rhubarb	TB, TS	20–30	7	21	Light.		
Rutabaga	B, T	20–30	3	14			
Sage	B, T, S	20–30	5	14			
Salsify	B, T	15	5	10	Prechill at 10 °C for 3 days		
Savory, summer		20–30	5	21			
Sorrel		20–30	3	14	Light	Test at 15 °C.	
Soybean	B, T, S, TC	20–30; 25	5	18			
Spinach		15;10	7	21	Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3).		
Spinach, New Zealand		15; 20	5	21	Soak fruits overnight (16 hrs), air dry 7 hrs; plant in very wet towels; do not rewater unless later counts exhibit drying out.	On 21st day scrape fruits and test for 7 additional days.	
Alternate method	В, Т	15	5	21	Remove pulp from basal end of fruit.		
Squash	B, T, S	20–30	4	7	Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3).		
Tomato	B, P, RB, T	20–30	5	14		Light; KNO ₃ .	
Tomato, husk		20–30	7	28	Light; KNO ₃ .		
Turnip		20–30	3	7	-		
Watermelon	B, T, S	20–30; 25	4	14	Keep substratum on dry side; see ¶ (a)(3).	Test at 30 °C.	

¹ Hard seeds may be present. (See § 201.57)
² Rhizomatous derivatives of a johnsongrass sorghum cross or a johnsongrass sudangrass cross.

[20 FR 7928, Oct 21, 1955]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §201.58, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

EXAMINATIONS IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE ACT

§201.58a Indistinguishable seeds.

When the identification of the kind, variety, or type of seed or determination that seed is hybrid is not possible by seed characteristics, identification

may be based upon the seedling, growing plant or mature plant characteristics according to such authentic information as is available.

- (a) Ryegrass. In determining the pure seed percentage of perennial ryegrass and annual ryegrass, 400 seeds shall be grown on white filter paper and the number of fluorescent seedlings determined under ultraviolet light at the end of the germination period (see § 201.58(b)(10)).
- (1) Fluorescence results are to be determined as test fluorescence level (TFL) to two decimal places as follows:

$$\% \text{ TFL} = \frac{\text{Number of normal fluorescent seedlings}}{\text{Total number of normal seedlings}} \times 100$$

(2) The percentage of perennial ryegrass is calculated as follows:

% Perennial ryegrass =
$$\frac{\text{% VFL (annual)} - \text{% TFL}}{\text{% VFL (annual)} - \text{% VFL (perennial)}} \times \text{% Pure ryegrass}$$

where VFL=Variety fluorescence level.

- (3) Using results from the above formula, the percentage of annual ryegrass is calculated as follows:
- % Annual Ryegrass = % Pure Ryegrass % Perennial Ryegrass
- (4) If the test fluorescence level (TFL) of a perennial ryegrass is equal to or less than the variety fluorescence level (VFL) described for the variety, all pure ryegrass is considered to be perennial ryegrass and the formula is not applied.
- (5) If the test fluorescence level (TFL) of an annual ryegrass is equal to or greater than the variety fluorescence level (VFL) described for the variety, all pure ryegrass is considered to be annual ryegrass and the formula is not applied.
- (6) A list of variety fluorescence level (VFL) descriptions for perennial ryegrass varieties which are more than 0 percent fluorescent and annual ryegrass varieties which are less than 100 percent fluorescent is maintained and published by the National Grass Vari-

ety Review Board of the Association of Official Seed Certifying Agencies (AOSCA). If the variety being tested is not stated or the fluorescence level has not been described, the fluorescence level shall be considered to be 0 percent for perennial ryegrass and 100 percent for annual ryegrass. Both VFL (annual) and VFL (perennial) values must always be entered in the formula. If a perennial ryegrass variety is being tested, the VFL (annual) value is 100 percent. If an annual ryegrass variety is being tested, the VFL (perennial) value is 0 percent. For blends the fluorescence level shall be interpolated according to the portion of each variety claimed to be present.

- (b) Sweetclover. To determine the presence of yellow sweetclover in samples of white sweetclover, at least 400 seeds shall be subjected to the chemical test as follows:
- (1) Preparation of test solution: Add 3 grams of cupric sulfate ($CuSO_4$) to 30 ml of household ammonia (NH_4 OH, approximately 4.8 percent) in a stoppered